Researchers encounter difficult moral dilemmas which cannot be quickly resolved and ethical problems are not always easily resolved.

Forewarned is forearmed—balancing risk of harm to subjects vs. potential benefits of research.

Professional Ethics as regulation of behavior in the context of a specific occupation.

Principles that guide practitioners when dealing with the ethical implication of their work.

Relationships between 4 interested parties: Researchers, the subjects, the research sponsors, and the gatekeepers.

Power to influence study and its own expectations about outcomes.
**KEY TERMS**

**Informed Consent:** competent to make decisions, voluntarily participate, given full information upon which to base their decision, and to fully understand their decision to participate (ramifications).
- Responsibility of researcher to provide this information

**Right to Privacy:** Individuals should be able to decide what information about themselves that they would wish to reveal or withhold from others

**Confidentiality:** information provided by subjects will not be revealed to third party without subject’s consent

**Anonymity:** identity of subject is not disclosed even if information provided is published

Summary of interviews? Verbatim extracts without attribution?